#### **ENGINE 1 SECTION**

This service manual has been prepared to provide SUBARU service personnel with the necessary information and data for the correct maintenance and repair of SUBARU vehicles.

This manual includes the procedures for maintenance, disassembling, reassembling, inspection and adjustment of components and diagnostics for guidance of experienced mechanics.

Please peruse and utilize this manual fully to ensure complete repair work for satisfying our customers by keeping their vehicle in optimum condition. When replacement of parts during repair work is needed, be sure to use SUBARU genuine parts.

FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)	FU(SOHC)
EMISSION CONTROL (AUX. EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES)	EC(SOHC)
INTAKE (INDUCTION)	IN(SOHC)
MECHANICAL	ME(SOHC)
EXHAUST	EX(SOHC)
COOLING	со
LUBRICATION	LU
SPEED CONTROL SYSTEMS	SP
IGNITION	IG(SOHC)
STARTING/CHARGING SYSTEMS	SC
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	EN(SOHC)

All information, illustration and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication approval.

**FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD.** 

G1830GE2

# **IGNITION**

# IG(SOHC)

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	Spark Plug	
	Ignition Coil and Ignitor Assembly	
	Spark Plug Cord	

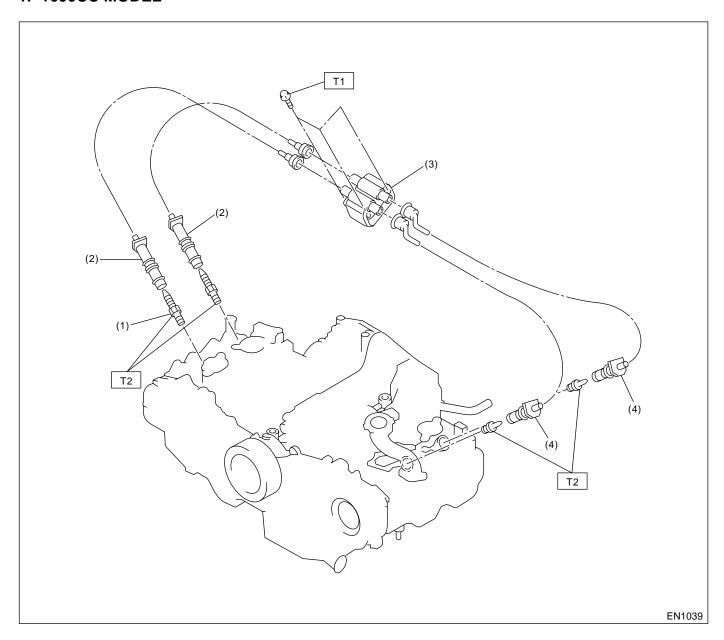
# 1. General Description

## A: SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Designation		
	Model	1600cc	CM12—100C	
		2000cc	FH0137	
	Manufacturer	1600cc	HITACHI	
lanition soil		2000cc	DIAMOND	
Ignition coil and ignitor	Primary coil resistance	1600cc	0.7 Ω±10%	
assembly		2000cc	0.73 Ω±10%	
j	Secondary coil resistance	1600cc	13.0 kΩ±20%	
		2000cc	12.8 kΩ±15%	
	Insulation resistance between primary terminal and case		More than 10 MΩ	
	Type and manufacturer	1600cc		RC8YC4 CHAMPION
			Alternate	BKR6E-11 NGK
Spark plug		2000сс	RC10YC4 CHAMPION	
Spark plug			Alternate	BKR5E-11 NGK
	Thread size	mm		14, P = 1.25
	Spark gap	mm (in)	1.0 — 1.1 (0.039 — 0.043)	

#### **B: COMPONENT**

#### 1. 1600CC MODEL

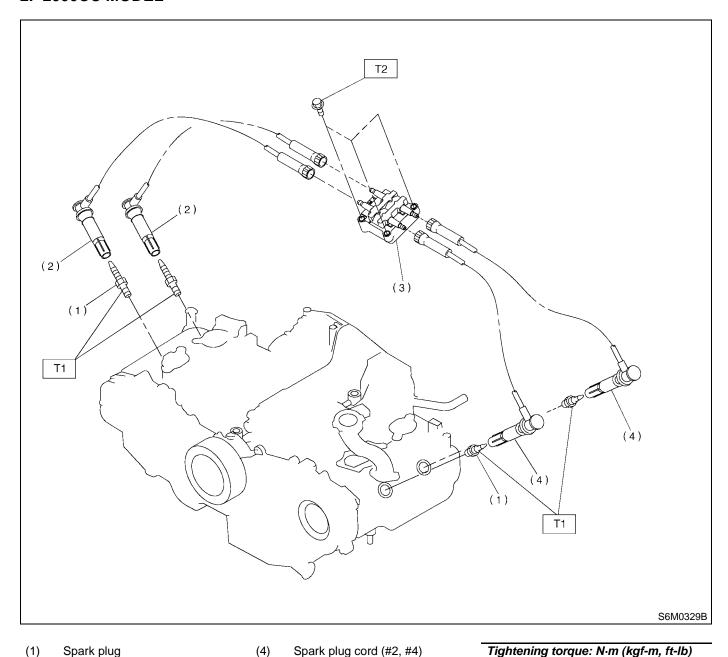


- (1) Spark plug
- (2) Spark plug cord (#1, #3)
- (3) Ignition coil and ignitor ASSY
- (4) Spark plug cord (#2, #4)

Tightening torque: N·m (kgf-m, ft-lb)

T1: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)

#### 2. 2000CC MODEL



- (1) Spark plug
- Spark plug cord (#1, #3) (2)
- (3)Ignition coil and ignitor ASSY

#### C: CAUTION

- · Wear working clothing, including a cap, protective goggles, and protective shoes during operation.
- · Remove contamination including dirt and corrosion before removal, installation or disassembly.
- · Keep the disassembled parts in order and protect them from dust or dirt.
- · Before removal, installation or disassembly, be sure to clarify the failure. Avoid unnecessary removal, installation, disassembly, and replacement.

- Tightening torque: N·m (kgf-m, ft-lb)
  - T1: 21 (2.1, 15) T2: 6.4 (0.65, 4.7)
- Be careful not to burn your hands, because each part on the vehicle is hot after running.
- · Be sure to tighten fasteners including bolts and nuts to the specified torque.
- · Place shop jacks or safety stands at the specified points.
- · Before disconnecting electrical connectors of sensors or units, be sure to disconnect negative terminal from battery.

### 2. Spark Plug

#### A: REMOVAL

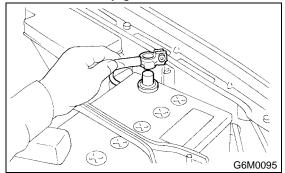
#### CAUTION:

All spark plugs installed on an engine, must be of the same heat range.

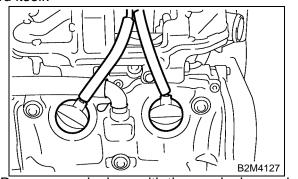
	Spark plug
1600cc	CHAMPION: RC8YC4 NGK: BKR6E-11 (Alternate)
2000cc	CHAMPION: RC10YC4 NGK: BKR5E-11 (Alternate)

#### 1. RH SIDE

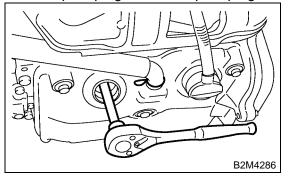
1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Remove air intake duct. <Ref. to IN(SOHC)-8, REMOVAL, Resonator Chamber.>
  - (1) Remove resonator chamber. <Ref. to IN (SOHC)>
- 3) Remove spark plug cords by pulling boot, not cord itself.

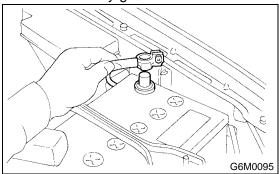


4) Remove spark plugs with the spark plug socket.

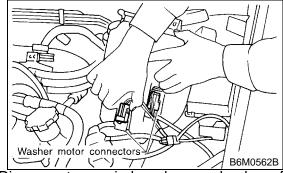


#### 2. LH SIDE

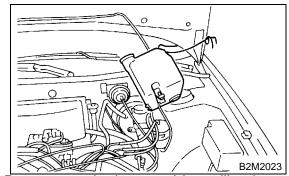
1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



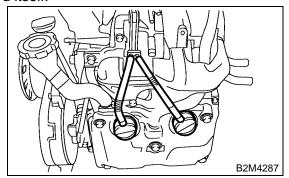
2) Disconnect washer motor connector.



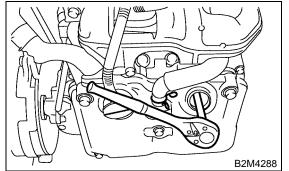
- 3) Disconnect rear window glass washer hose from washer motor, then plug connection with a suitable cap.
- 4) Remove the two bolts which hold the washer tank, then take the tank away from the working area.



5) Remove spark plugs cord by pulling boot, not cord itself.



6) Remove spark plug with the spark plugs socket.



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

#### 1. RH SIDE

1) Install in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque (Spark plug): 20.6 N⋅m (2.10 kgf-m, 15.2 ft-lb)

#### **CAUTION:**

The above torque should be only applied to new spark plugs without oil on their threads. In case their threads are lubricated, the torque should be reduced by approximately 1/3 of the specified torque in order to avoid over-stressing.

#### 2. LH SIDE

1) Install in the reverse order of removal.

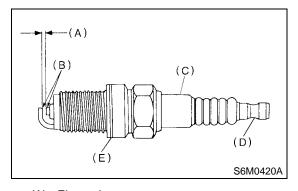
Tightening torque (Spark plug): 20.6 N·m (2.10 kgf-m, 15.2 ft-lb)

#### **CAUTION:**

The above torque should be only applied to new spark plugs without oil on their threads. In case their threads are lubricated, the torque should be reduced by approximately 1/3 of the specified torque in order to avoid over-stressing.

#### C: INSPECTION

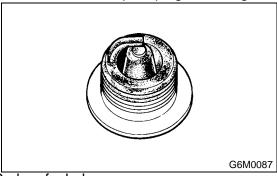
Check electrodes and inner and outer porcelain of plugs, noting the type of deposits and the degree of electrode erosion.



- (A) Electrode gap
- (B) Carbon accumulation or wear
- (C) Cracks
- (D) Damage
- (E) Damaged gasket

#### 1) Normal

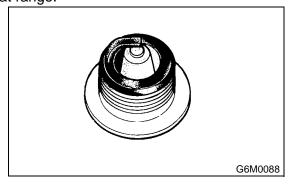
Brown to grayish-tan deposits and slight electrode wear indicate correct spark plug heat range.



#### 2) Carbon fouled

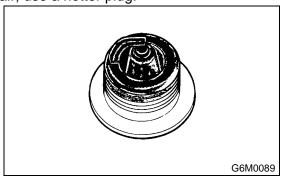
Dry fluffy carbon deposits on insulator and electrode are mostly caused by slow speed driving in city, weak ignition, too rich fuel mixture, dirty air cleaner, etc.

It is advisable to replace with plugs having hotter heat range.



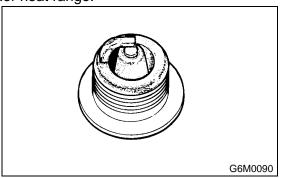
#### 3) Oil fouled

Wet black deposits show excessive oil entrance into combustion chamber through worn rings and pistons or excessive clearance between valve guides and stems. If same condition remains after repair, use a hotter plug.



#### 4) Overheating

White or light gray insulator with black or gray brown spots and bluish burnt electrodes indicate engine overheating. Moreover, the appearance results from incorrect ignition timing, loose spark plugs, wrong selection of fuel, hotter range plug, etc. It is advisable to replace with plugs having colder heat range.



#### D: CLEANING

Clean spark plugs in a sand blast type cleaner. Avoid excessive blasting. Clean and remove carbon or oxide deposits, but do not wear away porcelain.

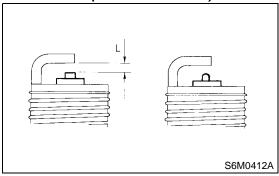
If deposits are too stubborn, replace plugs.

#### **E: ADJUSTMENT**

Correct it if the spark plug gap is measured with a gap gauge, and it is necessary.

Spark plug gap: L

1.0 — 1.1 mm (0.039 — 0.043 in)



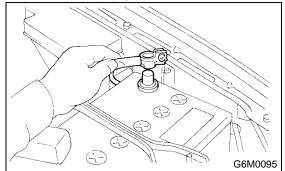
#### NOTE:

Replae with new spark plug if this area is worn to "ball" shape.

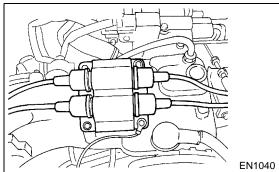
# 3. Ignition Coil and Ignitor Assembly

#### A: REMOVAL

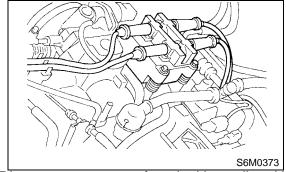
1) Disconnect battery ground cable.



- 2) Disconnect spark plug cords from ignition coil and ignitor assembly.
- 1600cc MODEL

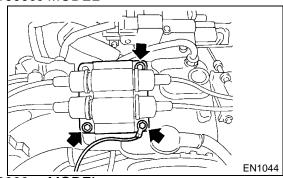


2000cc MODEL

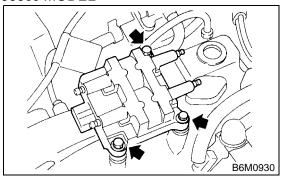


3) Disconnect connector from ignition coil and ignitor assembly.

- 4) Remove ignition coil and ignitor assembly.
- 1600cc MODEL



2000cc MODEL



#### **B: INSTALLATION**

1) Install in the reverse order of removal.

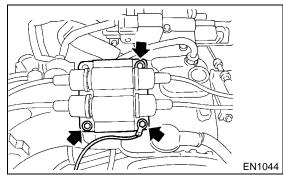
#### Tightening torque:

6.4 N·m (0.65 kgf-m, 4.7 ft-lb)

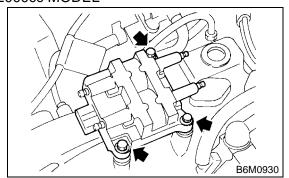
#### **CAUTION:**

Be sure to connect wires to their proper positions. Failure to do so will damage unit.

1600cc MODEL



2000cc MODEL



#### C: INSPECTION

Using accurate tester, inspect the following items, and replace if defective.

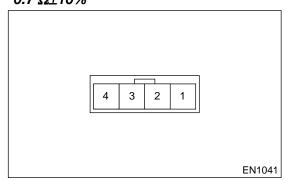
- 1) Primary resistance
- 2) Secondary coil resistance

#### **CAUTION:**

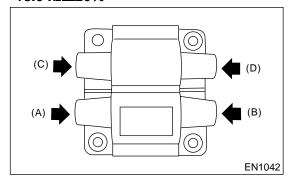
If the resistance is extremely low, this indicates the presence of a short-circuit.

Specified resistance:(1600cc)

[Primary side] Between terminal No. 1 and No. 4  $0.7~\Omega\pm10\%$  Between terminal No. 1 and No. 2  $0.7~\Omega\pm10\%$ 

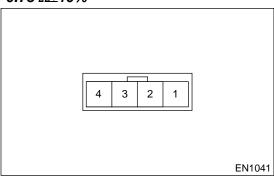


[Secondary side]
Between (A) and (B)
13.0 k $\Omega$ ±20%
Between (C) and (D)
13.0 k $\Omega$ ±20%

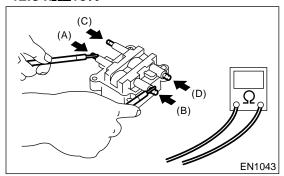


#### Specified resistance:

[Primary side]
Between terminal No. 1 and No. 2
0.73  $\Omega$ ±10%
Between terminal No. 2 and No. 4
0.73  $\Omega$ ±10%



[Secondary side] Between (A) and (B) 12.8 k $\Omega$ ±15% Between (C) and (D) 12.8 k $\Omega$ ±15%



3) Insulation between primary terminal and case: 10  $\mbox{M}\Omega$  or more.

# 4. Spark Plug Cord

#### A: INSPECTION

Check for:

1) Damage to cords, deformation, burning or rust formation of terminals

2) Resistance values of cords

#### Resistance value:

#1 cord: 5.6 — 10.6 #2 cord: 7.3 — 13.7 #3 cord: 5.9 — 11.1 #4 cord: 7.3 — 13.7

